

Private Reading, Fall 2024

## Assignment 8

*Reading:* Griffiths chapter 7 on “Electrodynamics”. Section 7.1, “Electromotive Force”, should be pretty straightforward. Sections 7.2, “Electromagnetic Induction”, and 7.3 “Maxwell Equations” bring in more new ideas.

Also *Notes on Electrodynamics* chapter 1, “Welcome”, and chapter 2, “Vector Calculus”.

*Problems:* Due Thursday, 31 October.

- Additional problem: *Magnetic force between two moving charged particles*  
Particle 1 of charge  $q_1$  moves with velocity  $\vec{v}_1$ , and particle 2 of charge  $q_2$  moves with velocity  $\vec{v}_2$ . They are separated by a distance  $r_{12}$  and the unit vector from particle 1 to particle 2 is  $\hat{r}_{12}$ .

- a. Combine the magnetic force law ( $q\vec{v} \times \vec{B}$ ) and the Biot-Savart law to show that the magnetic force on particle 2 due to particle 1 is

$$\vec{F}_{\text{on 2 by 1}} = \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \frac{q_1 q_2}{r_{12}^2} \vec{v}_2 \times (\vec{v}_1 \times \hat{r}_{12}).$$

- b. Suppose that particle 1 is heading due east, while particle 2, located due north of particle 1, is heading due north. Show that the magnetic force on particle 2 due to particle 1 is finite and points east, whereas the magnetic force on particle 1 due to particle 2 is zero. [This violation of Newton’s third law shows that something is wrong with the above derivation. At fault is our use (actually misuse) of the Biot-Savart law, which applies only for steady currents but which we have used for the transient current of a single moving charge. The moral of the story is that the result of part (a), which looks like a perfectly good analog to Coulomb’s law, is not true in general.]
- c. (Optional... very difficult.) Integrate the Biot-Savart law around a circuit to show that when two complete circuits interact magnetically, the magnetic force on circuit 1 due to circuit 2 is equal and opposite to the magnetic force on circuit 2 due to circuit 1.

- Griffiths 7.8: *Electric induction*
- Griffiths 7.9: *Apparent oversight in the flux rule*
- Griffiths 7.15: *Solenoid*
- Griffiths 7.25: *Inductance of a hairpin loop*